

## **2x150A High Performance Dual Channel Brushed DC Motor Controller with USB, Encoder Inputs and CAN Interface**



Roboteq's HDC24xx controller is designed to convert commands received from a RC radio, Analog Joystick, wireless modem, PC (via RS232 or USB) or microcomputer into high voltage and high current output for driving one or two DC motors. Designed for maximal ease-of-use, it is delivered with all necessary cables and hardware and is ready to use in minutes. Using CAN bus, up to 127 controllers can be networked at up to 1Mbit/s on a single twisted pair.

The controller features a high-performance 32-bit microcomputer and quadrature encoder inputs to perform advanced motion control algorithms in Open Loop or Close Loop (Speed or Position) modes. The HDC24xx features a high number of Analog, Pulse and Digital I/Os which can be remapped as command or feedback inputs, limit switches, or many other functions. The controller's two motor channels can either be operated independently or mixed to set the direction and rotation of a vehicle by coordinating the motion of each motor.

Numerous safety features are incorporated into the controller to ensure reliable and safe operation. The controller's operation can be extensively automated and customized using Basic Language scripts. The controller can be reprogrammed in the field with the latest features by downloading new operating software from Roboteq.

### **Applications**

- Industrial Automation
- Tracking, Pan & Tilt systems
- Terrestrial and Underwater Robotic Vehicles
- Automatic Guided Vehicles
- Police and Military Robots
- Flight simulators
- Telepresence Systems
- Animatronics

### **Features List**

- USB, RS232, 0-5V Analog, or Pulse (RC radio) command modes
- Available in version with CAN bus up to 1Mbit/s
- Auto switch between USB, RS232, CAN, Analog, or Pulse based on user-defined priority
- Built-in high-power power drivers for two brushed DC motors at up to 150A output per channel
- Full forward & reverse control on each channel. Four quadrant operation. Supports regeneration
- Built-in programming language for automation and customization
- Operates from a single power source
- Programmable current limit for each channel up to 2x150A for protecting controller, motors, wiring and battery.
- Up to 11 Analog Inputs for use as command and/or feedback
- Up to 4 Pulse Length, Duty Cycle or Frequency Inputs for use as command and/or feedback
- Up to 21 Digital Inputs for use as Deadman Switch, Limit Switch, Emergency stop or user inputs
- Dual Quadrature Encoder inputs with 32-bit counters
- 8 general purpose 24V, 1A output for brake release or accessories
- Custom scripting in Basic language. Execution speed 50,000+ lines per second
- Selectable min, max, center and deadband in Pulse and Analog modes
- Selectable exponentiation factors for each command inputs
- Trigger action if Analog, Pulse or Encoder capture are outside user selectable range (soft limit switches)
- Open loop or closed loop speed control operation

- Closed loop position control with analog or pulse/frequency feedback
- Precise speed and position control when Encoder feedback is used
- PID control loop with separate gains for each channel
- Multi-range PID gains changing on-the-fly according to motor speed
- Optional Mixed control (sum and difference) for tank-like steering
- Configurable Data Logging of operating parameters on RS232 Output for telemetry or analysis
- Built-in Battery Voltage and Temperature sensors
- Optional 12V backup power input for powering safely the controller if the main motor batteries are discharged
- Power Control wire for turning On or Off the controller from external microcomputer or switch
- No consumption by output stage when motors stopped
- Regulated 5V output for powering Encoders, RC radio, RF Modem or microcomputer
- Separate Programmable acceleration and deceleration for each motor
- Separate Programmable maximum forward and reverse power
- Support for CANopen and two simplified CAN protocols
- Ultra-efficient 1.5 mOhm ON resistance MOSFETs
- Orderable as single channel version up to 300A
- Stall detection and selectable triggered action if Amps is outside user-selected range
- Short circuit protection with selectable sensitivity levels
- Overvoltage and Undervoltage protection
- Programmable Watchdog for automatic motor shutdown in case of command loss
- Overtemperature protection
- Diagnostic LED
- Extruded aluminum, heat sinking enclosure for operation harsh shock and temperature environment
- Efficient heat sinking. Operates without a fan in most applications.
- Dustproof and weather resistant. IP51 NEMA rating
- Power wiring via heavy AWG8 cables
- 9" (228.5mm) L, 5.5" W (140mm), 1.6" (40mm) H
- -40o to +85o C operating environment
- 3 lbs (1,350g)
- Easy configuration, tuning and monitory using provided PC utility
- Field upgradeable software for installing latest features via the internet

## Orderable Product References

TABLE 1.

Reference	Number of Channels	Amps/Channel	Volts
<b>HDC2450</b>	2	150	50
<b>HDC2450S</b>	1	300	50
<b>HDC2460</b>	2	150	60
<b>HDC2472</b>	2	120	72
<b>HDC2472S</b>	1	240	72

## Important Safety Disclaimer

Dangerous uncontrolled motor runaway condition can occur for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to: command or feedback wiring failure, configuration error, faulty firmware, errors in user script or user program, or controller hardware failure.

The user must assume that such failures can occur and must make his/her system safe in all conditions. Roboteq will not be liable in case of damage or injury as a result of product misuse or failure.

## Power Wires Identifications and Connection

Power connections are made by means of heavy gauge wires located at the back of the controller.

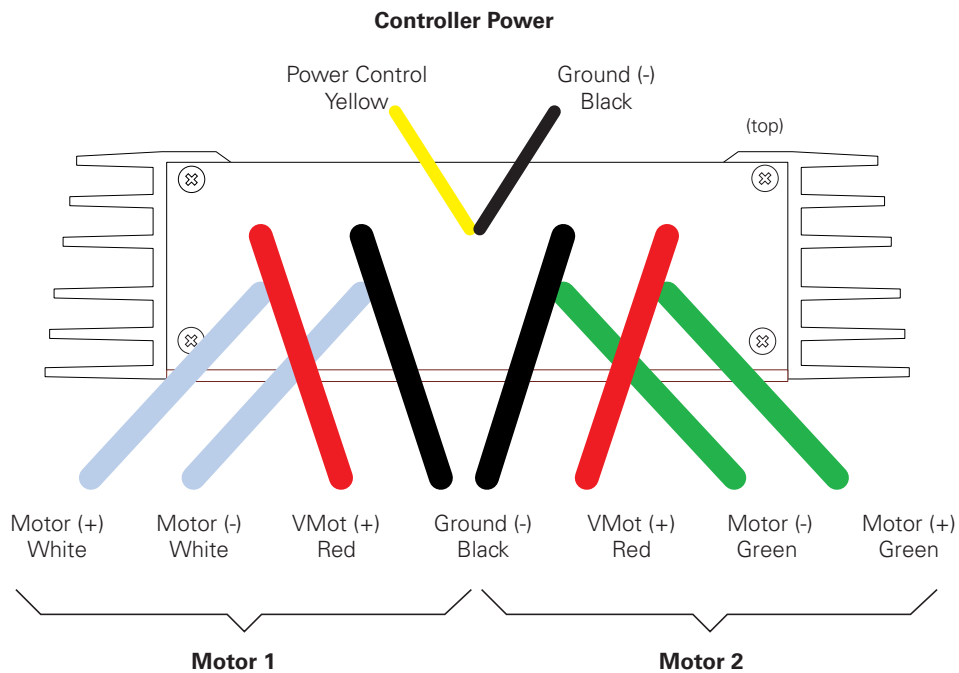


FIGURE 1. Rear Controller Layout

The diagram below shows how to wire the controller and how to turn power On and Off.

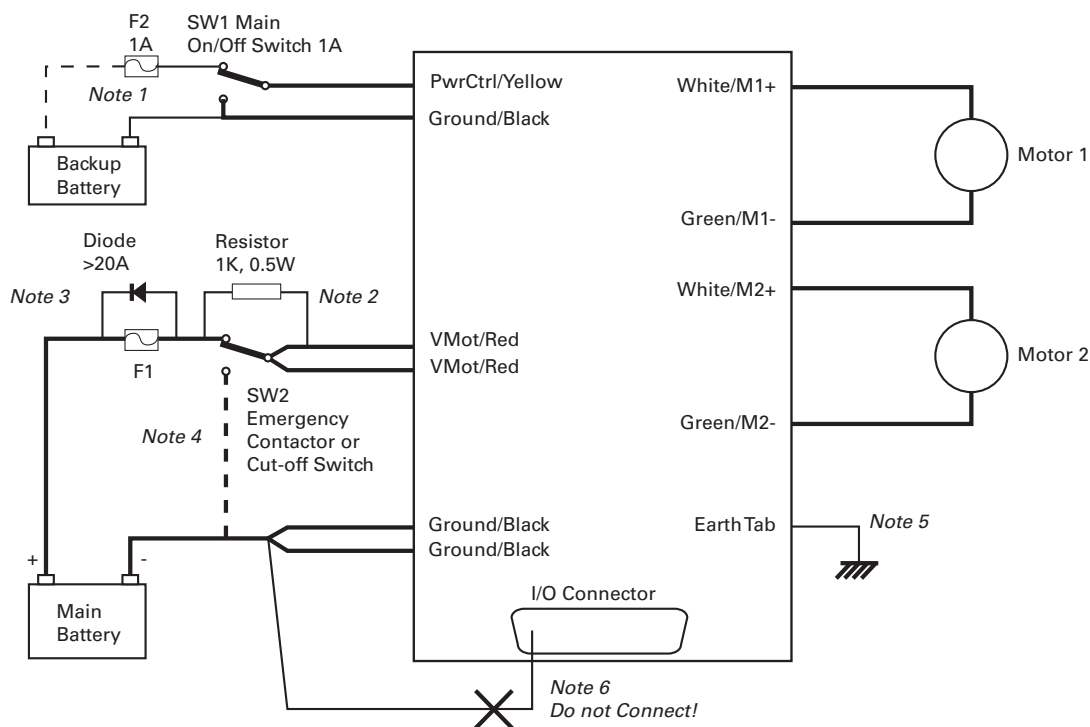


FIGURE 2. Powering the controller. Thick lines identify **MANDATORY** connections

## Important Warning

Carefully follow the wiring instructions provided in the Power Connection section of the User Manual. The information on this datasheet is only a summary.

## Power Control Wiring for 72V Controllers

Power control line can only be used for powering off when grounded.

## Mandatory Connections

It is imperative that the controller is connected as shown in the above diagram in order to ensure a safe and trouble-free operation. All connections shown as thick black lines are mandatory. The controller must be powered On/Off using switch SW1 on the Yellow wire. Use a suitable high-current fuse F1 as a safety measure to prevent damage to the wiring in case of major controller malfunction.

## Emergency Switch or Contactor

The battery must be connected in permanence to the controller's Red wires via a high-power emergency switch or contactor SW2 as additional safety measure. The user must be able to deactivate the switch or contactor at any time, independently of the controller state.

## Precautions and Optional Connections

Note 1: Backup battery to ensure motor operation with weak or discharged batteries, connect a second battery to the Power Control wire/terminal via the SW1 switch. For 72V version controllers, the power control and ground connection will only be used as the controller on/off switch. Applying voltage on this line will no longer power on

the controller. Some controllers already out in the field will not apply, but all recent purchases made from Roboteq as of 10/2/15 will have this change in effect

Note 2: Use precharge 1K, 0.5W Resistor to prevent switch arcing.

Note 3: Insert a high-current diode to ensure a return path to the battery during regeneration in case the fuse is blown.

Note 4: Optionally ground the VMot wires when the controller is Off if there is any concern that the motors could be made to spin and generate voltage in excess of 50V (HDC2450(S)) or 75V (HDC2472(S)).

Note 5: Connect the controller's earth tab to a wire connected to the Earth while the charger is plugged in the AC main, or if the controller is powered by an AC power supply.

Note 6: Beware not to create a path from the ground pins on the I/O connector and the battery's minus terminal.

## Use of Safety Contactor for Critical Applications

An external safety contactor must be used in any application where damage to property or injury to person can occur because of uncontrolled motor operation resulting from failure in the controller's power output stage.

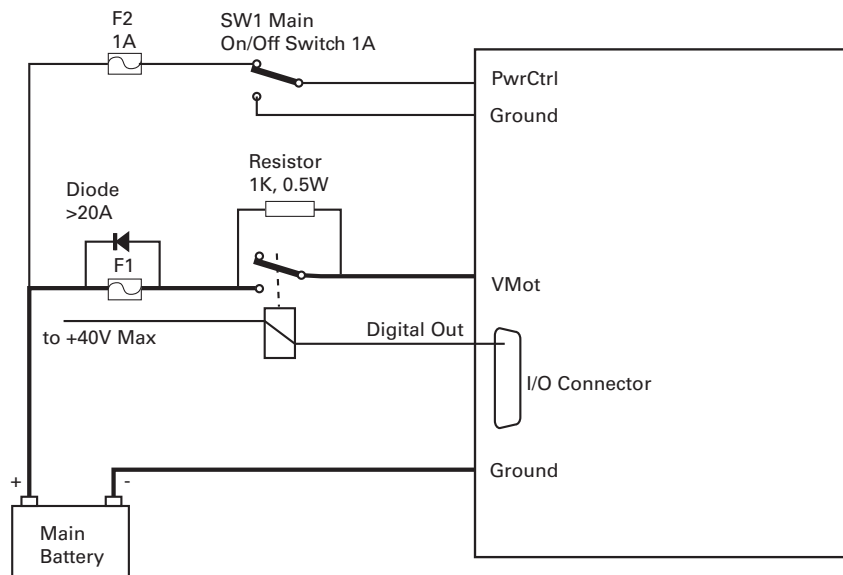


FIGURE 3. Contactor wiring diagram

The contactor coil must be connected to a digital output configured to activate when "No MOSFET Failure". The controller will automatically deactivate the coil if the output is expected to be off and battery current of 2.5A or more is measured for more than 0.5s. This circuit will not protect against other sources of failure such as those described in the "Important Safety Disclaimer" on page 3.

## Controller Mounting

During motor operation, the controller will generate heat that must be evacuated. The published amps rating can only be fully achieved if adequate cooling is provided. Always operate the controller in a well ventilated space so that air can flow between the heatsink fins. Additional conduction cooling can be achieved by having the bottom edges of the case making contact with a metallic surface (chassis, cabinet).

## Sensor and Commands Connection

Connection to RC Radio, Microcomputer, Joystick and other low current sensors and actuators is done via the 25 and 9 pin connectors located in front of the controller. The functions of many pins vary depending on controller model and user configuration. Pin assignment is found in the table below.

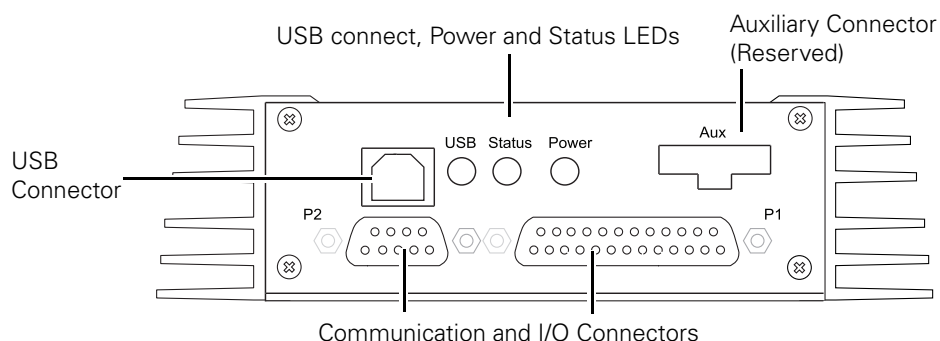


FIGURE 4. Front Controller Layout

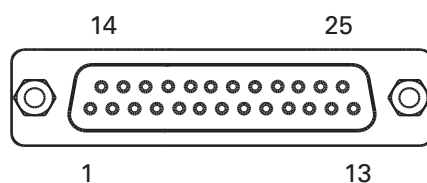


FIGURE 5. Main Connector pin locations

TABLE 4.

Connector Pin	Power	Dout	Com	Pulse	Ana	Dinput	Enc	Default Config
1	GND							
14	5VOut							
2			TxData					RS232Tx
15				RC1	ANA1	DIN1		RCRadio1
3			RxData					RS232Rx
16				RC2	ANA2	DIN2		RCRadio2
4				RC3	ANA3	DIN3		AnaCmd1 (1)
17				RC4	ANA4	DIN4		AnaCmd2 (1)
5	GND							
18		DOUT1				DIN12		Motor Brake 1
6		DOUT2				DIN13		Motor Brake 2
19		DOUT3				DIN14		Safety Contactor
7		DOUT4				DIN15		Unused
20		DOUT5				DIN16		Unused
8		DOUT6				DIN17		Unused
21					ANA5	DIN5		Unused
9	GND							
22					ANA6	DIN6		Unused

TABLE 4.

Connector Pin	Power	Dout	Com	Pulse	Ana	Dinput	Enc	Default Config
10					ANA7	DIN7		Unused
23					ANA8	DIN8	ENC2B	Unused
11					ANA9	DIN9	ENC2A	Unused
24					ANA10	DIN10	ENC1B	Unused
12					ANA11	DIN11	ENC1A	Unused
25	5VOut							
13	GND							

Note 1: Analog command is disabled in factory default configuration.

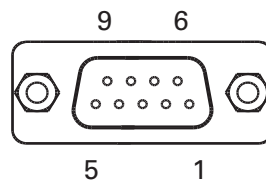


FIGURE 6. Secondary Connector pin locations

TABLE 5.

Connector Pin	Power	Dout	Com	Pulse	Ana	Dinput	Default Config
5		DOUT7				DIN18	Unused
9	5VOut						
4			SCLI				Reserved
8			SDAI				Reserved
3	GND						
7			CANH				CAN High
2			CANL				CAN Low
6	GND						
1		DOUT8				DIN19	Unused

## Default I/O Configuration

While the controller can be configured so that practically any Digital, Analog and RC pin can be used for any purpose, the controller's factory default configuration provides an assignment that is suitable for most applications. The figure below shows how to wire the controller to two analog potentiometers, an RC radio, and the RS232 port. It also shows how to connect two outputs to motor brake solenoids and another output to an external status LED. You may omit any connection that is not required in your application. The controller automatically arbitrates the command priorities depending on the presence of a valid command signal in the following order: 1-RS232, 2-RC Pulse, 3-None. If needed, use the Roborun+ PC Utility to change the pin assignments and the command priority order.

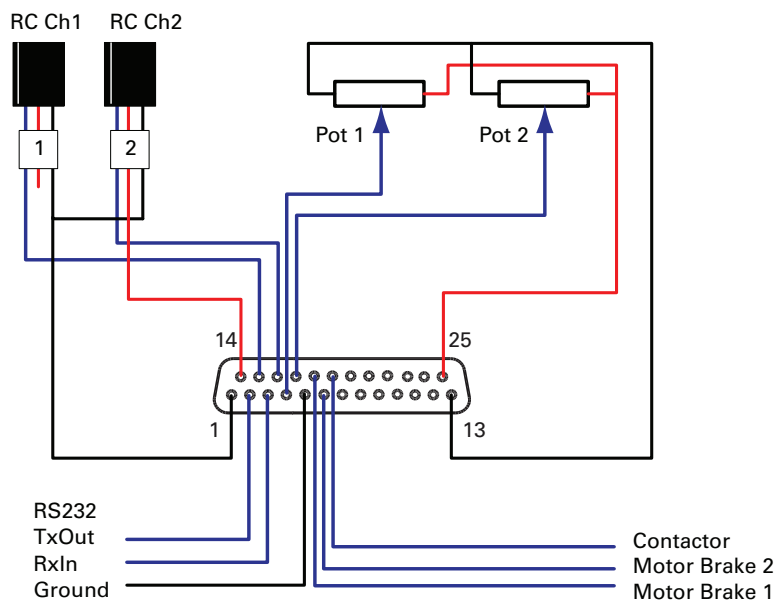


FIGURE 7. Factory default pins assignment

## Enabling Analog Commands

For safety reasons, the Analog command mode is disabled by default. To enable the Analog mode, use the PC utility and set Analog in Command Priority 2 or 3 (leave Serial as priority 1). Note that by default the additional securities are enabled and will prevent the motor from starting unless the potentiometer is centered, or if the voltage is below 0.25V or above 4.75V. The drawing shows suggested assignment of Pot 1 to ANA1 and Pot 2 to ANA4. Use the PC utility to enable and assign analog inputs.

## CAN Bus Operation

The controller can interface to a standard CAN Bus network, using 3 possible protocols: Standard CANOpen, and two simplified proprietary schemes (MiniCAN and RawCAN). Please refer to the User Manual for details. USB and CAN cannot operate at the same time. The controller starts up with CAN available, but CAN will be disabled as soon as the controller is plugged into USB. To re-enable CAN, disconnect USB and restart the controller.

## USB communication

Use USB only for configuration, monitoring and troubleshooting. USB is not a reliable communication method when used in a electrically noisy environments and communication will not always recover after it is lost without unplugging and replugging the connector, or restarting the controller. Always prefer RS232 communication when interfacing to a computer.



## Status LED Flashing Patterns

After the controller is powered on, the Power LED will turn on, indicating that the controller is On. The Status LED will be flashing at a 2 seconds interval. The flashing pattern provides operating or exception status information.

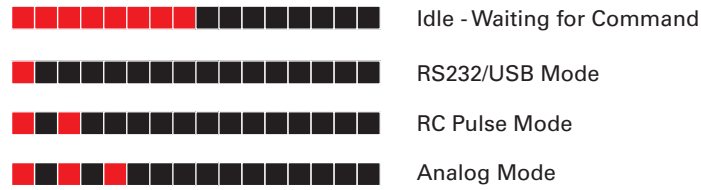


FIGURE 8. Normal Operation Flashing Patterns

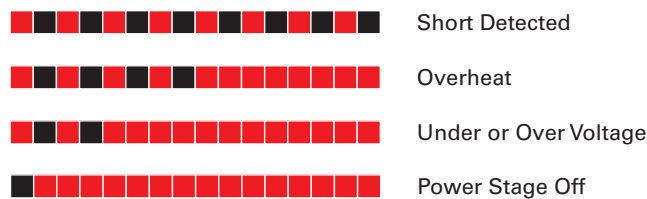


FIGURE 9. Exception or Fault Flashing Patterns

Additional status information may be obtained by monitoring the controller with the PC utility.

## Electrical Specifications

### Absolute Maximum Values

The values in the table below should never be exceeded, Permanent damage to the controller may result.

TABLE 6.

Parameter	Measure point	Models	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Battery Leads Voltage	Ground to VMot	HDC2450(S)			50	Volts
		HDC2460			60	Volts
		HDC2472(S)	36		75	Volts
Reverse Voltage on Battery Leads	Ground to VMot	All	-1			Volts
Power Control Voltage	Ground to Pwr Control wire	All			65	Volts
Motor Leads Voltage	Ground to M1+, M1-, M2+, M2-	HDC2450(S)			50 (1)	Volts
		HDC2460			60 (1)	Volts
		HDC2472(S)	36		75 (1)	Volts
Digital Output Voltage	Ground to Output pins	All			30	Volts
Analog and Digital Inputs Voltage	Ground to any signal pin on 25 & 9-pin connectors	All			15	Volts
RS232 I/O pins Voltage	External voltage applied to Rx/Tx pins	All			15	Volts
Case Temperature	Case	All	-40		85	oC
Humidity	Case	All			100 (2)	%

TABLE 6.

Parameter	Measure point	Models	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Note 1: Maximum regeneration voltage in normal operation. Never inject a DC voltage from a battery or other fixed source						
Note 2: Non-condensing						

## Power Stage Electrical Specifications (at 25oC ambient)

TABLE 7.

Parameter	Measure point	Models	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Battery Leads Voltage	Ground to VMot	HDC2450(S)	0 (1)		50	Volts
		HDC2460	0 (1)		60	Volts
		HDC2472(S)	36 (1)		75	Volts
Motor Leads Voltage	Ground to M1+, M1-, M2+, M2-	HDC2450(S)	0 (1)		50 (2)	Volts
		HDC2460	0 (1)		60 (2)	Volts
		HDC2472(S)	36 (1)		75 (2)	Volts
Power Control Voltage	Ground to Power Control wire	All	0 (1)		65	Volts
Minimum Operating Voltage	VMot or Pwr Ctrl wires	All	9 (3)			Volts
Over Voltage protection range	Ground to VMot	HDC2450(S)	5	50 (4)	50	Volts
		HDC2460	5	60 (4)	60	Volts
		HDC2472(S)	5	72 (4)	75	Volts
Under Voltage protection range	Ground to VMot	HDC2450(S)	0	5 (4)	50	Volts
		HDC2460	0	5 (4)	60	Volts
		HDC2472(S)	0	5 (4)	75	Volts
Idle Current Consumption	VMot or Pwr Ctrl wires	All	50	100 (5)	150	mA
ON Resistance (Excluding wire resistance)	VMot to M+, plus M- to Ground at 100% power. Per channel	HDC2450/60/72		3		mOhm
		HDC2450S/72S		1.5		mOhm
Max Current per channel for 30s	Ch1 or Ch2 Motor current	HDC2450/60			150 (6)	Amps
		HDC2472			120 (6)	Amps
		HDC2450S			300 (6)(7)	Amps
		HDC2472S			240 (6)(7)	Amps
Continuous Max Current per channel	Ch1 or Ch2 Motor current	HDC2450/60/72			80 (8)	Amps
		HDC2450S/72S			160 (7)(8)	Amps
Current Limit range	Ch1 or Ch2 Motor current	HDC2450	10	100 (9)	150	Amps
		HDC2460	10	100 (9)	150	Amps
		HDC2472	10	100 (9)	120	Amps
		HDC2450S	10	200 (9)	300 (7)	Amps
		HDC2472S	10	200 (9)	240 (7)	Amps
Stall Detection Amps range	Ch1 or Ch2 Motor current	HDC2450	10	100 (9)	150	Amps
		HDC2460	10	100 (9)	150	Amps
		HDC2472	10	100 (9)	120	Amps
		HDC2450S	10	200 (9)	300 (7)	Amps
		HDC2472S	10	200 (9)	240 (7)	Amps

TABLE 7.

Parameter	Measure point	Models	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Stall Detection timeout range	Ch1 or Ch2 Motor current	All	1	65000 (10)	65000	milli-seconds
Short Circuit Detection threshold (11)	Between Motor wires or Between Motor wire and Ground	HDC2450/60/72	550 (12)		1600 (12)	Amps
		HDC2450S/72S	1100		3000 (7)	Amps
Short Circuit Detection threshold	Between Motor wires and VMot	All	No Protection. Permanent damage will result			
Motor Acceleration/Deceleration range	Ch1 or Ch2	All	100	500 (13)	65000	milli-seconds

Note 1: Negative voltage will cause a large surge current. Protection fuse needed if battery polarity inversion is possible

Note 2: Maximum regeneration voltage in normal operation. Never inject a DC voltage from a battery or other fixed source

Note 3: Minimum voltage must be present on VMot or Power Control wire

Note 4: Factory default value. Adjustable in 0.1V increments

Note 5: Current consumption is lower when higher voltage is applied to the controller's VMot or PwrCtrl wires

Note 6: Max value is determined by current limit setting. Duration is estimated and is dependent on ambient temperature cooling condition

Note 7: Current is sum of both synchronized channels. Current must be balanced between channel to obtain max current.

Note 8: Estimate. Limited by case temperature. Current may be higher with better cooling

Note 9: Factory default value. Adjustable in 0.1A increments

Note 10: Factory default value. Time in ms that Stall current must be exceeded for detection

Note 11: Controller will stop until restarted in case of short circuit detection

Note 12: Sensitivity selectable by software

Note 13: Factory default value. Time in ms for power to go from 0 to 100%

## Command, I/O and Sensor Signals Specifications

TABLE 8.

Parameter	Measure point	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Main 5V Output Voltage	Ground to 5V pins on	4.6	4.75	4.9	Volts
5V Output Current	5V pins on RJ45 and DSub15			50 (1)	mA
Digital Output Voltage	Ground to Output pins			30	Volts
Digital Output Current	Output pins, sink current			1 (2)	Amps
Output On resistance	Output pin to ground		0.75	1.5	Ohm
Output Short circuit threshold	Output pin	1.05	1.4	1.75	Amps
Input Impedances (except DIN12-19)	AIN/DIN Input to Ground		53		kOhm
Input Impedance (DIN12-19)	Input to 5V		50		kOhm
Digital Input 0 Level	Ground to Input pins	-1		1	Volts
Digital Input 1 Level	Ground to Input pins	3		15	Volts
Analog Input Range	Ground to Input pins	0		5.1	Volts
Analog Input Precision	Ground to Input pins		0.5		%
Analog Input Resolution	Ground to Input pins		1		mV
Pulse durations	Pulse inputs	20000		10	us
Pulse repeat rate	Pulse inputs	50		250	Hz

TABLE 8.

Parameter	Measure point	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Pulse Capture Resolution	Pulse inputs		1		us
Frequency Capture	Pulse inputs	100		10000	Hz
Encoder count	Internal	-2.147		2.15	10 <sup>9</sup> Counts
Encoder frequency	Encoder input pins			1	MHz
Note 1: Sum of all 5VOut outputs					
Note 2: Total average current on all outputs not to exceed 4.5A					

## Operating & Timing Specifications

TABLE 9.

Parameter	Measure Point	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Command Latency	Command to output change	1	0.5	1	ms
PWM Frequency	Ch1, Ch2 outputs	10	18 (1)	20	kHz
Closed Loop update rate	Internal		1000		Hz
USB Rate	USB pins			12	MBits/s
RS232 baud rate	Rx & Tx pins		115200 (2)		Bits/s
RS232 Watchdog timeout	Rx pin	1 (3)		65000	ms
Note 1: May be adjusted with configuration program					
Note 2: 115200, 8-bit, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control					
Note 3: May be disabled with value 0					

## Scripting

TABLE 10.

Parameter	Measure Point	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Scripting Flash Memory	Internal		8192		Bytes
Max Basic Language programs	Internal	1000		1500	Lines
Integer Variables	Internal		1024		Words (1)
Boolean Variables	Internal		1024		Symbols
Execution Speed	Internal	50 000	100 000		Lines/s
Note 1: 32-bit words					

## Thermal Specifications

TABLE 11.

Parameter	Measure Point	Model	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Case Temperature	Case	All	-40		85 (1)	oC
Thermal Protection range	Case	All	80		90 (2)	oC
Power Dissipation	Case	All			70	Watts
Thermal resistance	Power MOSFETs to case	All			0.6	oC/W

TABLE 11.

Parameter	Measure Point	Model	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Note 1: Thermal protection will protect the controller power						
Note 2: Max allowed power out starts lowering at minimum of range, down to 0 at max of range						

## Mechanical Specifications

TABLE 12.

Parameter	Measure Point	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Weight	Case		1.0 (2.0)		kg (lbs)
Wire Length	Case		17 (43)		inches (mm)
Power Wire Gauge	Wire		8		AWG
Power Wire Diameter	Outside diameter		0.26 (6.6)		inches (mm)

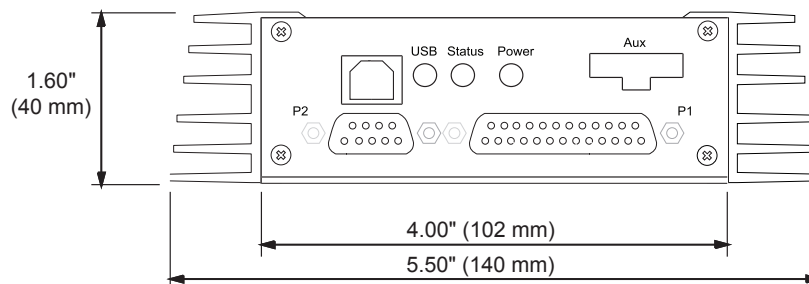


FIGURE 10. HDC24xx front view and dimensions

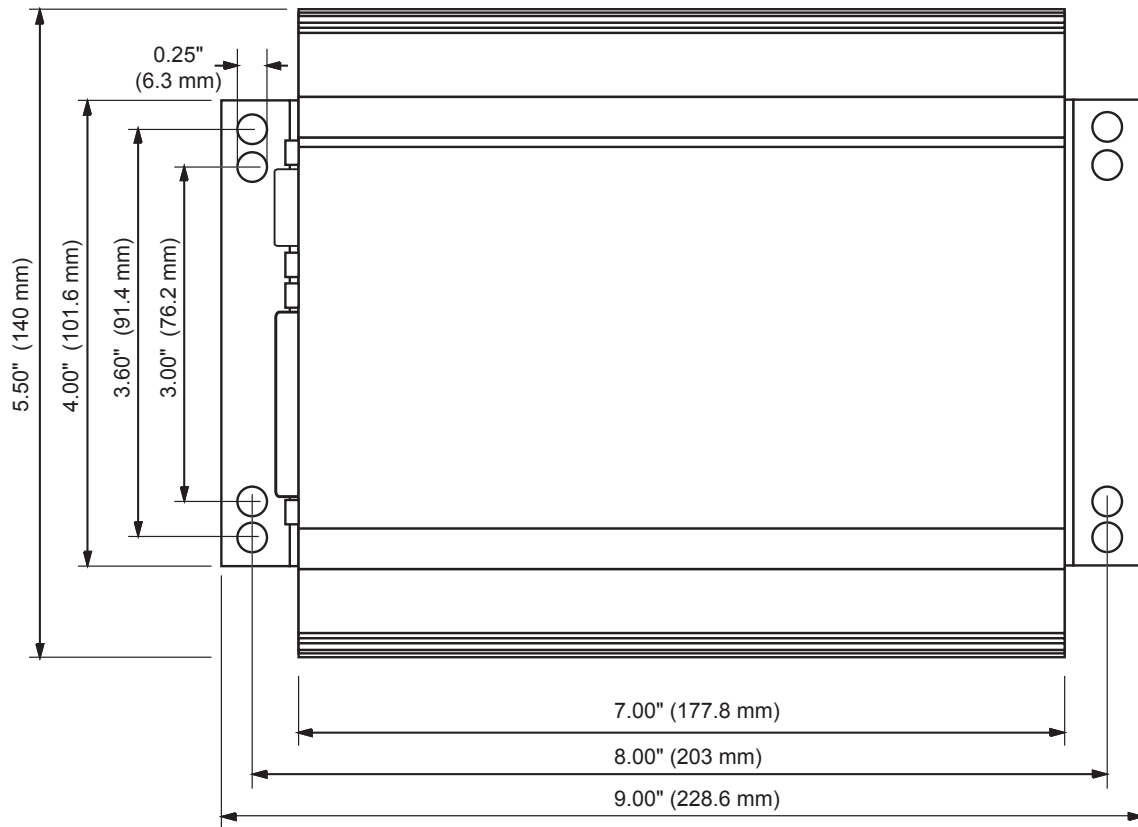


FIGURE 11. HDC24xx top view and dimensions