



LK204-25-USB Technical Manual

Revision: 1.0

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1 Getting Started



The LK204-25-USB is an intelligent LCD display designed to decrease development time by providing an instant solution to any project. With the ability to communicate via USB protocol, the versatile LK204-25-USB can be used with virtually any controller. The ease of use is further enhanced by an intuitive command structure to allow display settings such as backlight brightness, contrast and baud rate to be software controlled. Additionally, up to thirty-two custom characters such as character sets for bar graphs, medium and large numbers may be stored in the non-volatile memory to be easily recalled and displayed at any time.

1.1 Display Options Available

The LK204-25-USB comes in a wide variety of colors, and an extended temperature option is also available, to allow you to select the display which will best fit your project needs.

1.2 Accessories

NOTE Matrix Orbital provides all the interface accessories needed to get your display up and running. You will find these accessories and others on our e-commerce website at <http://www.matrixorbital.com>. To contact a sales associate see Section 14.5 on page 52 for contact information.



Figure 1: 3ft mini-B USB

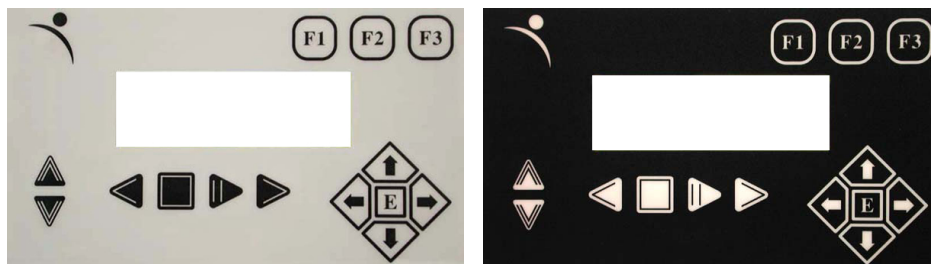


Figure 2: Keypad Mountings

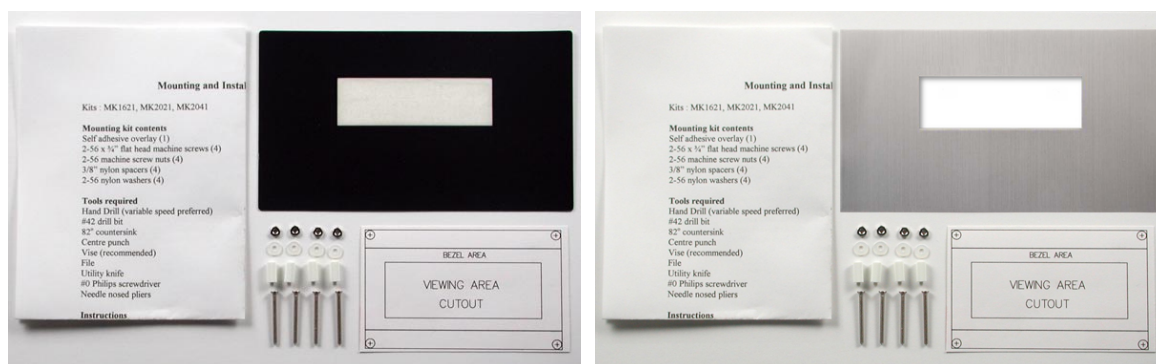


Figure 3: Mounting Kits



Figure 4: 4X4 Keypad

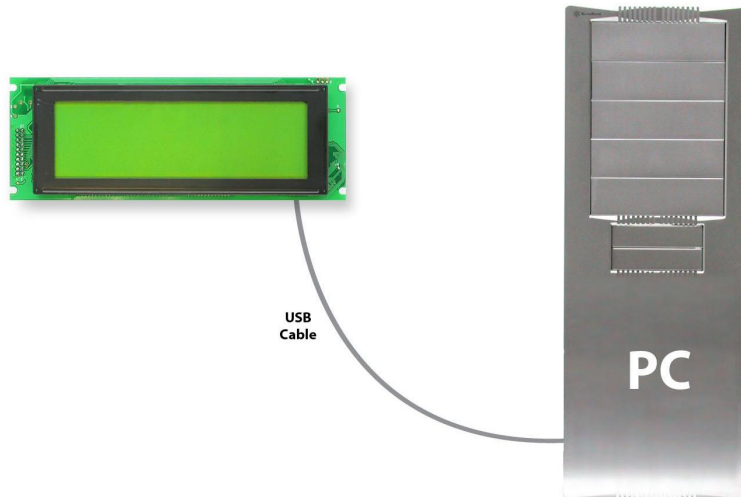
1.3 Features

- 20 column by 4 line alphanumeric liquid crystal display
- USB communication protocol
- Six, 5V -20mA, general purpose outputs for a variety of applications
- Lightning fast communication speeds, up to 115.2 kbps
- Default 19.2 kbps serial communication speed
- Extended temperature option available for extreme environments of -20C to 70C
- Built in font with provision for up to 8 user defined characters
- Optional 1-wire bus that is capable of communicating with up to 32 devices over a single bus
- Fully buffered so that no delays in transmission are ever necessary
- Ability to add a customized splash / startup screen
- Software controlled contrast and brightness with configurable time-out setting up to 90 minutes
- Use of up to a 25 key keypad with a 10 key buffer
- Horizontal or vertical bar graphs
- Fits Matrix Orbital's mountings without any modifications

1.4 Connecting to a PC

The LK204-25-USB connects seamlessly to a PC and it is an excellent means of testing the functionality. To connect your display to a PC, you will require a USB cable such as the one pictured in *figure 1 on page 2*.

1. In order to connect your USB display to a personal computer simply plug the mini-B USB cable from the PC to the USB connector on the display.



NOTE The LK204-25-USB unit can also be powered via a standard PC power cable, shown in figure 5.

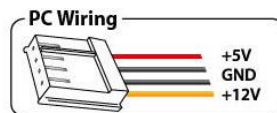


Figure 5: Alternate Display Power Cable

1.5 Installing the Software

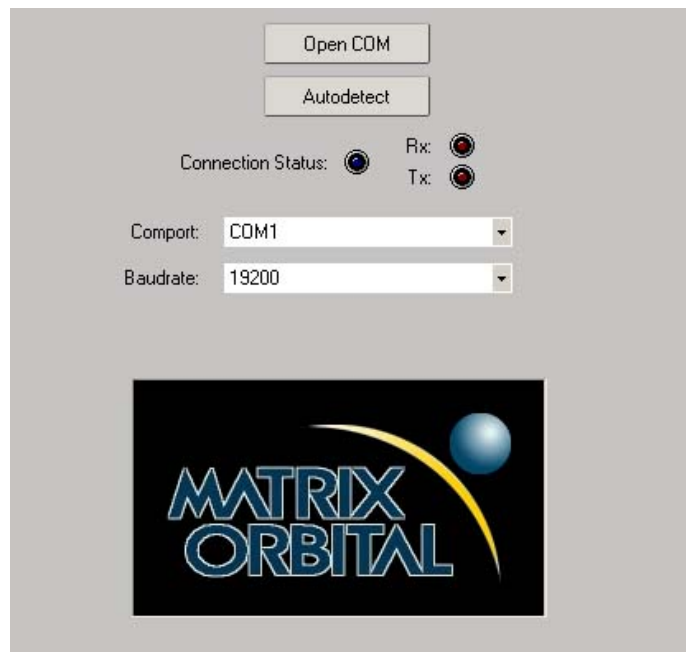
1.5.1 uProject

uProject was designed by Matrix Orbital to provide a simple and easy to use interface that will allow you to test all of the features of our alpha numeric displays.

To install uProject from the Matrix Orbital website, follow the following steps:

1. Go to the website location: http://www.matrixorbital.ca/software/software_alpha/uproject/
2. Click on “Download Here”
3. Locate the file uProject.exe on your desktop
4. Double click on “uProject.exe”

Be sure to check the information selected in the COM Setup the first time uProject is run. Once this information is entered correctly the program can be used to control all functions of the graphic display.



Comport

The serial port the display is plugged in to.

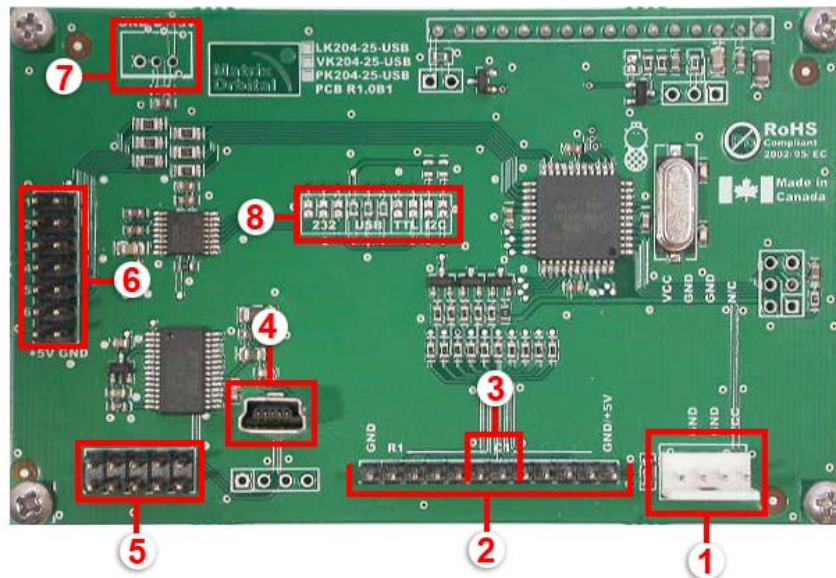
Baudrate

The communication speed the display module is set to. (Default 19,200)

Figure 6: uProject Settings

2 Hardware Information

Refer to the following diagram for this chapter:

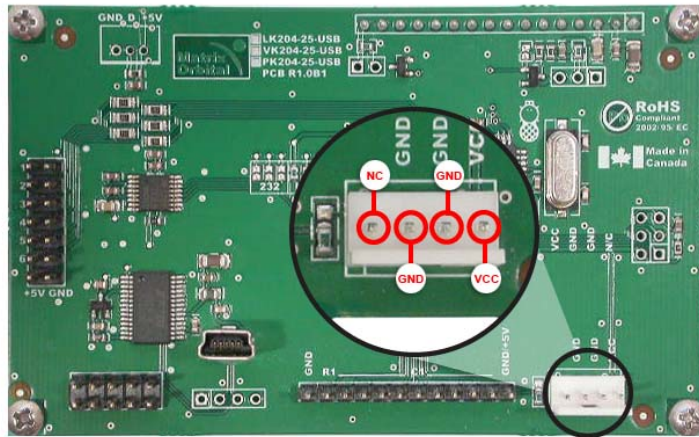


- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 Power Connector | 5 Optional Serial Header |
| 2 Keypad Header | 6 GPOs |
| 3 Manual Override | 7 Optional Dallas 1-Wire Bridge |
| 4 USB Header | 8 Protocol Select Jumpers |

Figure 7: LK204-25-USB

2.1 Power Connector

The LK204-25-USB provides a *Power Connector* to allow the device to be powered externally. In order to power the device externally, you must remove one of the USB protocol select jumpers. The jumper to remove is the rightmost USB jumper as seen in *figure 15*.



Pin 1 NC
Pin 2 GND
Pin 3 GND
Pin 4 +5V

Figure 8: Alternate Power Connector

2.2 Keypad Interface Connector

The LK204-25-USB provides a *Keypad Interface Connector* which allows for up to a five by five matrix style keypad to be directly connected to the display module. Key presses are generated when a short is detected between a row and a column. When a key press is generated a character, which is associated with the particular key press, is automatically sent on the Tx communication line. The character that is associated with each key press may be altered using the “Assign Key Codes” command, for more detailed information see the ***Keypad Section, on page 33.***

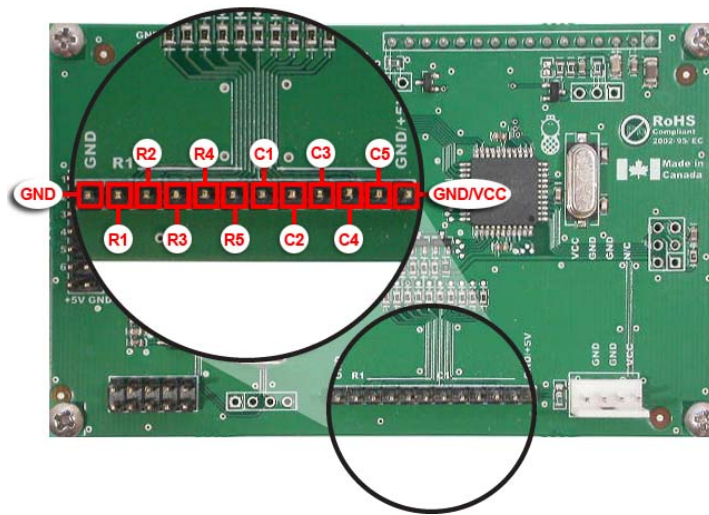


Figure 9: Keypad Interface Connector

2.3 Manual Override

The *Manual Override* is provided to allow the LK204-25-USB to be reset to factory defaults. This can be particularly helpful if the display module has been set to an unknown baud rate and you are no longer able to communicate with it. If you wish to return the module to its default settings you must:

1. Power off the display module.
2. Place a Jumper on the *Manual Override* pins.
3. Power up the display module.
4. The display module is now set to its default values listed below in **table 1**.
5. Edit and save settings.

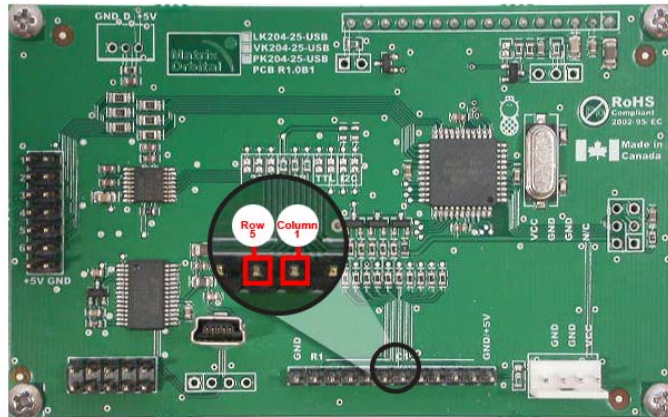


Figure 10: Manual Override Jumper

Table 1: Default Values

Brightness	255
Contrast	128
Baud Rate	19.2 kbps

NOTE The display module will revert back to the old settings once turned off, unless the settings are saved.

2.4 USB Header

The *USB Header* provides USB connector for communication and power of the display. An alternate power option for the display can be seen in *figure 8*



Figure 11: USB Header

Table 2: Power Requirements

	Standard
Supply Voltage	+5Vdc $\pm 0.25V$
Supply Current	50 mA (Backlight Off)
Backlight Current	185 mA (Backlight On)



WARNINGS

- Do not apply any power with reversed polarization.
- Do not apply any voltage other than the specified voltage.

2.5 Serial Header

The LK202-25-USB also offers an alternative, *Serial Header* option to permit serial communication with the device. Please note the the display normally does not come with the *Serial Header*, it will have to be ordered as a custom. Please talk to your sales representative if you would like this option.

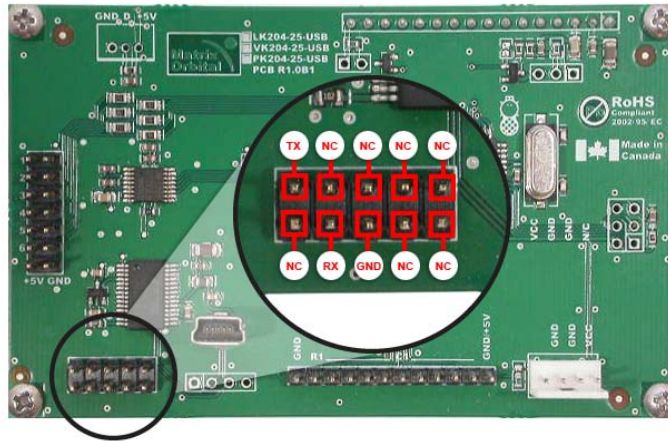
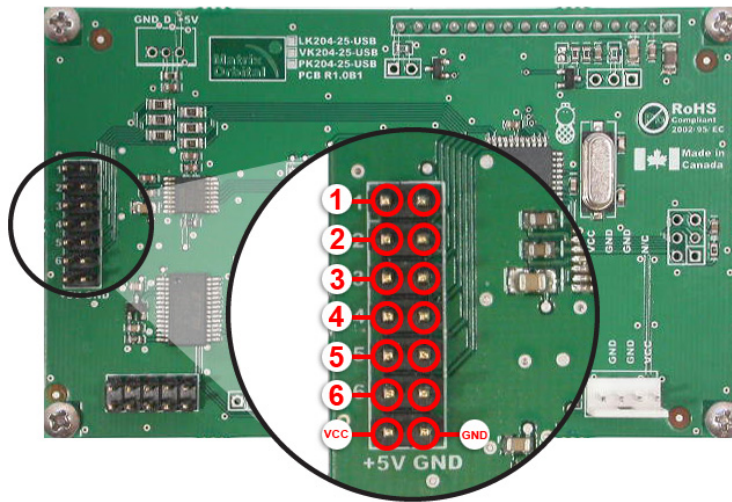


Figure 12: Serial Header

NOTE This component is optional and must be custom ordered

2.6 General Purpose Outputs

A unique feature of the LK204-25-USB is the ability to control relays and other external devices using a *General Purpose Output*, which can provide up to 20 mA of current and +5Vdc from the positive side of the GPO. This is limited by a 240 ohm resistor which is located to the above right of the GPOs as pictured below in **figure 13**. If the device, which is being driven by a GPO, requires a relatively high current (such as a relay) and has an internal resistance of its own greater than 250 ohms, then the 240 ohm resistor may be removed and replaced with a Jumper.



GND Ground (0VDC)
VCC +5VDC at 20 mA

Figure 13: General Purpose Output



WARNING If connecting a relay, be sure that it is fully clamped using a diode and capacitor in order to absorb any electro-motive force (EMF) which will be generated.

2.7 Dallas 1-Wire Bridge

In addition to the six general purpose outputs the LK204-25-USB offers an optional Dallas 1-wire bridge, to allow for an additional thirty two 1-wire devices to be connected to the display. Please note the the display normally does not come with the Dallas 1-wire bridge. It will have to be ordered as a custom. Please talk to your sales representative if you would like this option. See **Section 8 on page 31**.



Figure 14: Dallas 1-Wire Bridge

NOTE This component is optional and must be custom ordered

2.8 Protocol Select Jumpers

The *Protocol Select Jumpers*, pictured below in **figure 15**, provide the means necessary to toggle the display module between USB power and external power. As a default, the jumpers are set to USB mode with solder jumps on the USB jumpers. In order to place the display module in external power mode you must first remove the rightmost solder jump from the USB jumpers, as shown in **figure 15**. The display cannot be used in RS232, TTL, or I2C mode.

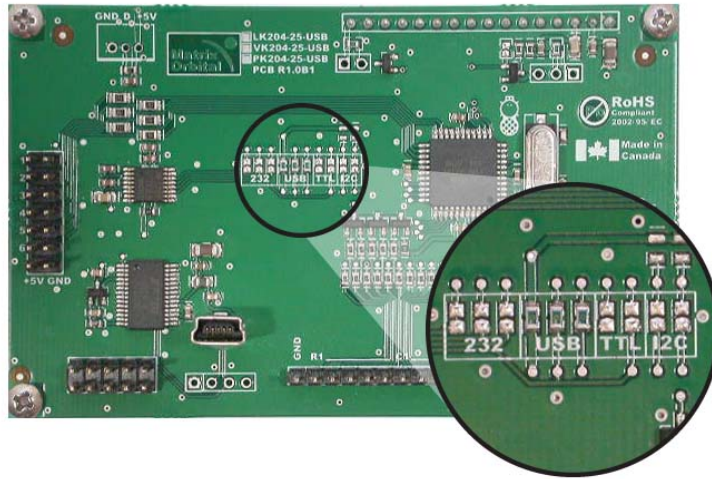


Figure 15: Protocol Select Jumpers

3 Troubleshooting

3.1 The display does not turn on when power is applied.

- First, check the USB cable which you are using for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different USB cable, if this does not help try using a different power supply.
- Second, ensure that the correct drivers are properly installed. For the latest drivers, visit the Matrix Orbital website at <http://www.matrixorbital.ca/drivers/>. If you require additional support to resolve this matter, please contact Matrix Orbital using one of the methods described in section 14.5.
- The last step will be to check the USB Cable on the LK202-25-USB. If the USB Cable has become loose, or you are unable to resolve the issue, please contact Matrix Orbital, see section 14.5 for contact information.

3.2 The display module is not communicating.

- First, ensure that the host system and display module are both communicating on the same baud rate. The default baud rate for the display module is 19200 bps.
- Finally, you may reset the display to it's default settings using the *Manual Override Jumper*, see **Section 2.3 on page 8**.

3.3 The display module is communicating, however text cannot be displayed.

- A common cause may be that the contrast settings have been set to low. The solution to this problem is to adjust the contrast settings. The default setting that will work in most environments is 128.

NOTE Optimal contrast settings may vary according to factors such as temperature, viewing angle and lighting conditions.
If you are unable to resolve any issue please contact Matrix Orbital. See 14.5 on page 52 for contact information.

4 Communications

4.1 Introduction

The commands listed in this chapter describe how to configure data flow on the USB port.

4.1.1 USB Communication

The LK204-25-USB-USB is a USB device that offers identical communication protocol as the serial comport. capable of communicating via a USB interface. The USB communications are identical to the serial communications. Communication is via a virtual com port, which is created in the operating system by the drivers necessary to install the USB display. The LK204-25-USB-USB communicating via USB is capable of baud rates of 19,200 bps to 115,200 bps. Other Baud rates are subject to the limitation of the virtual com port driver. For further information regarding supported operating systems, and driver limitations please contact technical support.

4.2 Changing the Baud Rate

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x39 [speed]	
	Decimal	254 57 [speed]	
	ASCII	254 "9" [speed]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	speed	1	Hex value corresponding to a baud rate.

Description This command sets the RS-232 port to the specified [speed]. The change takes place immediately. [speed] is a single byte specifying the desired port speed. Valid speeds are shown in the table below. The display module can be manually reset to 19,200 baud in the event of an error during transmission, including transmitting a value not listed below, by setting the manual override jumper during power up. However, it should be noted that this command will be ignored until the manual override jumper is removed again.

Hex Value	Baud Rate
53	1200
29	2400
CF	4800
67	9600
33	19200
22	28800
19	38400
10	57600
8	115200

Remembered Always
Default 19,200 bps

4.3 Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xA4 [speed]
 Decimal 254 164 [speed]

Parameter	Length	Description
speed	2	Inputed LSB MSB from baud rate formula (12-2047).

Description This command sets the RS-232 port to a non-standard baud rate. The command accepts a two byte parameter that goes directly into the modules baud generator. Use the formula, $speed = \frac{CrystalSpeed}{8 \times DesiredBaud} - 1$ to calculate the [speed] for any baud rate setting. The speed can be anywhere from 12 to 2047 which corresponds to a baud range of 977 to 153,800 baud. Setting the baud rate out of this range could cause the display to stop working properly and require the Manual Override jumper to be set.

Remembered Always

Examples

Crystal Speed 16 Mhz

Desired BAUD 13,500

$$speed = \frac{crystalspeed}{8 * DesiredBaud} - 1 \quad speed = \frac{16,000,000}{8 * 13,500} - 1$$

$$speed = 148.15 - 1$$

$$speed = 147.15$$

- **LSB** = 0x93 (rounded)
- **MSB** = 0x00
- Intended Baud Rate: 13,500 baud Actual Baud Rate:
 $\frac{16,000,000}{8(147+1)} = 13,514$ Percent Difference: 0.1%

NOTES

- Results from the formula are rounded down to the nearest whole number (i.e 73.07 = 73).
 - This formula becomes less accurate as baud rates increase, due to rounding.
 - Place the speed result backwards into the formula to receive the actual baud rate.
($Baud = \frac{CrystalSpeed}{8(speed+1)}$)
 - The actual baud rate must be within 3% of the intended baud rate for the device to communicate.
 - This command is not available in I2C mode.
-

5 Text

5.1 Introduction

The LK204-25-USB is an intelligent display module, designed to reduce the amount of code necessary to begin displaying data. This means that it is able to display all characters and strings that are sent to it, which are defined in the current character set. The display module will begin displaying text at the top left corner of the display area, known as home, and continue to print to the display as if it was a page on a typewriter. When the text reaches the bottom right row, it is able to automatically scroll all of the lines up and continue to display text, with the auto scroll option set to on.

5.1.1 Character Set

		Higher 4-bit (D4 to D7) of Character Code (Hexadecimal)															
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
Lower 4-bit (D0 to D3) of Character Code (Hexadecimal)	0	CG RAM (1)	±		0	eP	'	p	g	e	ä	'	n	R	B	t	
	1	CG RAM (2)	≡	.	1	A	0	a	q	u	æ	i	'	J	t	y	o
	2	CG RAM (3)	7	"	2	B	R	b	r	e	f	E	ö	'	*	ë	z
	3	CG RAM (4)	6	#	3	C	S	c	s	a	ö	'	P	W	e	q	
	4	CG RAM (5)	7	\$	4	D	T	d	t	a	ö	'	e	r	Z	o	
	5	CG RAM (6)	7	%	5	E	U	e	u	a	ö	'	e	t	z	n	W
	6	CG RAM (7)	7	&	6	F	V	v	a	ö	'	e	t	z	n	W	
	7	CG RAM (8)	7	'	7	G	W	w	v	a	ö	'	e	t	z	n	W
	8	CG RAM (1)	7	(	8	H	X	x	e	u	'	e	t	z	n	W	
	9	CG RAM (2)	7	)	9	I	Y	y	e	u	'	e	t	z	n	W	
	A	CG RAM (3)	7	*	A	J	Z	z	e	u	'	e	t	z	n	W	
	B	CG RAM (4)	7	+	B	K	C	k	c	i	'	e	t	z	n	W	
	C	CG RAM (5)	7	,	C	L	\	l	i	'	e	t	z	n	W		
	D	CG RAM (6)	7	-	D	=	M	m	'	e	t	z	n	W			
	E	CG RAM (7)	7	.	E	>	N	n	'	e	t	z	n	W			
	F	CG RAM (8)	7	/	F	?@	0	@	'	e	t	z	n	W			

Figure 16: Character Set

5.1.2 Control Characters

0x08 Backspace

0x0C Clear screen / New page

0x0D Carriage return

0x0A Line feed / New line

5.2 Auto Scroll On

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x51
	Decimal	254 81
	ASCII	254 “Q”
Description	When auto scrolling is on, it causes the display to shift the entire display’s contents up to make room for a new line of text when the text reaches the end of the last row.	
Remembered	Yes	
Default	On	

5.3 Auto Scroll Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x52
	Decimal	254 82
	ASCII	254 “R”
Description	When auto scrolling is disabled the text will wrap to the top left corner of the display area when the text reaches the end of last row.	
Remembered	Yes	

5.4 Clear Screen

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x58
	Decimal	254 88
	ASCII	254 “X”
Description	This command will immediately clear all of the contents of the display.	
Remembered	No	

5.5 Changing the Startup Screen

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x40
	Decimal	254 64
	ASCII	254 “@”
Description	In order to change the text that is displayed by the LK204-25-USB when it starts up simply send the command bytes 254 64 followed by the characters that you wish to display, starting from the top left. This command will automatically line wrap the characters that are sent to it.	
Remembered	Yes	

5.6 Set Auto Line Wrap On

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x43
	Decimal	254 67
	ASCII	254 "C"
Description	Enabling Auto Line Wrap will allow the cursor to automatically wrap over to the next line when the current line is full.	

NOTE Line wraps may occur in the middle of a word.

Remembered	Yes
------------	-----

5.7 Set Auto Line Wrap Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x44
	Decimal	254 68
	ASCII	254 "D"
Description	Disabling Auto Line Wrap will allow you to have full control over the cursor position. This means that once the cursor has advanced to the end of a line, it will not wrap over to the next line, unless given the 'Set Cursor Position' Command.	

NOTE All characters written to the display past the end of a line will be lost.

Remembered	Yes
------------	-----

5.8 Set Cursor Position

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x47 [col] [row]	
	Decimal	254 71 [col] [row]	
	ASCII	254 "G" [col] [row]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	col	1	Column
	row	1	Row

Description	This command will allow you to manually set the cursor position, which controls the text insertion point, by specifying the [col] and [row] of the new proposed cursor position.
-------------	--

NOTE If the cursor position is set past the end of a line it will wrap to the beginning of the next line.

Remembered	No
------------	----

5.9 Go Home

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x48
	Decimal	254 72
	ASCII	254 "H"

Description	This command will return the cursor to the top left corner of the display area, identified as row one, column one.
-------------	--

Remembered	No
------------	----

5.10 Move Cursor Back

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x4C
	Decimal	254 76
	ASCII	254 "L"

Description	This command will move the cursor back one space. If this command is sent when the cursor is at the home position the cursor will wrap to the last row / column position if line wrap is on. Sending this command will not effect the text displayed on the module, however any characters that are sent will over write the current characters that are being displayed.
-------------	---

Remembered	No
------------	----

5.11 Move Cursor Forward

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x4D
	Decimal	254 77
	ASCII	254 "M"

Description	This command will move the cursor forward one space. If this command is sent when the cursor is at the bottom right position the cursor will wrap back to the home position if line wrap is on. Sending this command will not effect the text displayed on the module, however any characters that are sent will over write the current characters that are being displayed.	
Remembered	No	

5.12 Underline Cursor On

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x4A
	Decimal	254 74
	ASCII	254 “J”
Description	This command will cause the LK204-25-USB to display an underline cursor at the current text insertion point.	
Remembered	Yes	

5.13 Underline Cursor Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x4B
	Decimal	254 75
	ASCII	254 “K”
Description	This command will turn the the underline cursor off.	
Remembered	Yes	

5.14 Blinking Block Cursor On

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x53
	Decimal	254 83
	ASCII	254 “S”
Description	This command will cause the LK204-25-USB to display a block cursor at the current text insertion point.	
Remembered	Yes	

5.15 Blinking Block Cursor Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x54
	Decimal	254 84
	ASCII	254 “T”
Description	This command will turn the block cursor off.	
Remembered	Yes	

6 Special Characters

6.1 Introduction

The LK204-25-USB has the ability to create four different sets of eight custom characters and save them to internal banks of memory. Each set of eight can be recalled from memory at any time, and selected characters can be written to the display screen. Characters and sets can be created at any time, saved for later use, and displayed to the screen through the intuitive command structure described below.

6.2 Creating a Custom Character

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x4E [refID] [data]	
	Decimal	254 78 [refID] [data]	
	ASCII	254 “N” [refID] [data]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	refID	1	Character reference ID (0-7).
	data	8	Character data.

Description The LK204-25-USB allows for up to eight custom defined characters to be added onto the character set. A custom character is a five by eight pixel matrix with each row represented by a byte value. For example:

Custom Character 'h'					Decimal	Hex
1	0	0	0	0	16	0x10
1	0	0	0	0	16	0x10
1	0	0	0	0	16	0x10
1	0	0	0	0	16	0x10
1	0	1	1	0	22	0x16
1	1	0	0	1	25	0x19
1	0	0	0	1	17	0x11
1	0	0	0	1	17	0x11

Each bit value of one, in the table, represents an on pixel, whereas a value of zero represents a pixel that is turned off. Therefore in order to define custom character 'h' you would send the command byte prefix 254 followed by the command 78. Next, you will have to select the memory location in which you wish to save the character in. The available memory locations for this command are zero through to seven. After sending the memory location, or [refID], you may then send the eight byte custom character data in sequence from the top to the bottom.

Once you have defined a custom character you may display it by sending the display module the [refID]. For example if a custom character was saved in position one, the command to display the custom character, at the current cursor position, would be simply to send the number one to the display module without quotes.

Remembered No

6.3 Saving Custom Characters

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xC1 [Bank] [ID] [Data]	
	Decimal	254 193 [Bank] [ID] [Data]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Bank	1	Memory bank to save to (0-4).
	ID	1	Character ID (0-7)
	Data	8	Character Definition

Description New to the LK204-25-USB has added five non-volatile memory banks for custom character storage. This is intended to allow you to create your own custom bar graphs, medium/large numbers and startup screen. However, each memory bank may be used to store a set of any eight custom characters; with the only provision being that memory bank zero contains the characters that will be used in the startup screen. By default the memory banks will be loaded as follows:

[Bank]	Description
0	Startup screen characters.
1	Horizontal bars
2	Vertical bars
3	Medium numbers
4	Large numbers

In order to save new custom characters into a memory bank, follow the same process as you would for creating a custom character, see Section 6.2 on page 23, only use 254 193 [Bank Number] before sending the [ID] and character [Data].

Remembered Yes

6.4 Loading Custom Characters

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC0 [Bank]
Decimal 254 192 [Bank]

Parameter	Length	Description
Bank	1	Memory bank to save to (0-4).

Description This command is used to load the custom characters into the volatile memory so that they may be used. If custom bar graph or number characters are stored in the memory banks, this command may be used instead of initializing the bar graph / number. To use this command send the command bytes followed by the [Bank] that contains the custom character data that you want to retrieve.

Remembered No

6.5 Save Startup Screen Custom Characters

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC2 [refID] [data]
Decimal 254 194 [refID] [data]

Parameter	Length	Description
refID	1	Character reference ID (0-7).
data	8	Character data.

Description Using this command you may create the custom characters. that will be stored in memory bank zero, which will be used in the startup screen. For more information about creating custom characters see **Section 6.2 on page 23**.

NOTES

- Changes only take place once the power has been cycled.
 - This command is the same as sending CMD 254 / 193 / 0 / [ID] / [DATA]
-

Remembered Yes

6.6 Initialize Medium Number

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x6D
 Decimal 254 109
 ASCII 254 "m"

Description This command will load the default medium number characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom medium numbers, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command to load your custom character data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Medium Numbers' command.

Remembered No

6.7 Place Medium Numbers

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x6F [Row] [Col] [Digit]
 Decimal 254 111 [Row] [Col] [Digit]
 ASCII 254 "o" [Row] [Col] [Digit]

Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Row	1	The row number.
	Col	1	The column number.
	Digit	1	Medium number to place (0-9).

Description This command will place a medium number (two columns high) at the [row] and [col] specified.

Remembered No

6.8 Initialize Large Numbers

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x6E
	Decimal	254 110
	ASCII	254 “n”
Description	This command will load the default large number characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom large numbers, use the ‘Load Custom Characters’ command instead to load your custom character data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the ‘Place Large Numbers’ command.	
Remembered	No	

6.9 Place Large Number

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x23 [Col] [Digit]	
	Decimal	254 35 [Col] [Digit]	
	ASCII	254 “#” [Col] [Digit]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Col	1	The column number.
	Digit	1	Large number to place (0-9).
Description	This command will place a large number (four columns high) at the [row] and [col] specified.		
Remembered	No		

6.10 Initialize Horizontal Bar

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x68
	Decimal	254 104
	ASCII	254 “h”
Description	This command will load the default horizontal bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom horizontal bar data, use the ‘Load Custom Characters’ command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the ‘Place Horizontal Bar’ command.	
Remembered	No	

6.11 Place Horizontal Bar Graph

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x7C [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length]
	Decimal	254 124 [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length]
	ASCII	254 “ ” [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length]

Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Col	1	The column number.
	Row	1	The row number.
	Dir	1	The direction of the bar data (0 or 1).
	Length	1	The length of the bar data.
Description	This command will place a bar graph at [row], [column]. A [Dir] value of zero will cause the bar to go right, and one will cause the bar to go left. The [Length] is the size in pixels of the bar graph.		

NOTE Bar graphs may be one directional only.

Remembered No

6.12 Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x73
	Decimal	254 115
	ASCII	254 “s”
Description	This command will load the narrow vertical bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom vertical bar data, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Vertical Bar' command.	

NOTE Narrow bars have a width of two pixels.

Remembered No

6.13 Initialize Wide Vertical Bar

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x76
	Decimal	254 118
	ASCII	254 “v”

Description	This command will load the wide vertical bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom vertical bar data, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Vertical Bar' command.
-------------	--

NOTE Wide bars have a width of five pixels.

Remembered	No
------------	----

6.14 Place Vertical Bar

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x3D [Column] [Length]	
	Decimal	254 61 [Column] [Length]	
	ASCII	254 "=" [Column] [Length]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Column	1	The column number.
	Length	1	The length of the bar data.
Description	This command will place a bar graph at the specified [Column] with the specified [Length]. The [Length] is the size in pixels of the bar graph.		

NOTE Bar graphs may be one directional only.

Remembered	No
------------	----

7 General Purpose Output

7.1 Introduction

General purpose outputs allow you to connect devices, such as LEDs, to the LK204-25-USB and supply them with up to 20mA of current at 5V. The LK204-25-USB has 6 GPOs which are software controlled, with functions to turn them on/off and set the power state for the next startup.

7.2 General Purpose Output Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x56 [Num]
	Decimal	254 86 [Num]
	ASCII	254 "V" [Num]

Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Num	1	GPO number.
Description	This command turns OFF general purpose output [num].		

NOTE OFF means that the output is pulled LOW.

Remembered Yes

7.3 General Purpose Output On

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x57 [Num]	
	Decimal	254 87 [Num]	
	ASCII	254 “W” [Num]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Num	1	GPO number.
Description	This command turns ON general purpose output [num]. The standard GPO’s on the LK204-25-USB output 20mA of current at 5V.		

NOTE ON means the output is pulled HIGH.

Remembered Yes

7.4 Set Startup GPO state

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xC3 [Num] [state]	
	Decimal	254 195 [Num] [state]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	Num	1	GPO number.
	state	1	Startup state (0: Off, 1: On)
Description	This command will set the startup state for the GPO on the next power up. A value of one will cause the GPO to be off on the next startup while a value of one will cause the GPO to be on.		

NOTE This command does not affect the current state of the GPO.

Remembered Always

8 Dallas 1-Wire

8.1 Introduction

Another convenient feature of the LK204-25-USB is that it provides a Dallas 1-wire interface in order to readily communicate with up to thirty two 1-wire devices on a single bus. 1-wire communication is begun by discovering the address of the device that you wish to communicate with. To do this you must send the “Search for a 1-Wire Device” command. After you have established the address of the device that you wish to communicate with, you may begin a transaction with the device

8.2 Search for a 1-Wire Device

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xC8 0x2
	Decimal	254 200 2
Description	This command will allow you to begin communicating with the devices on the 1-wire bus by returning a packet containing device information for each 1-wire device on the bus in the form of:	

Search Return Packet

Offset (Bytes)	Offset (Bytes)	Description
0	2	0x232A Preamble
2	1	0x8A Packet is 10 bytes long, another address will follow 0x0A Packet is 10 bytes long, this is the last address
3	1	0x31 - 1-Wire Packet Type
4	1	Error Code (0x00 for success)
5	8	1-Wire Address
13	1	CRC8 0x00 means the last address was valid

Remembered	No
------------	----

8.3 Dallas 1-Wire Transaction

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xC8 0x1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data]		
	Decimal	254 200 1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data]		
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description	
	flags	1	Flags to control optional components of the transaction.	
	SndBits	1	The number of bits you will be transmitting on the bus.	
	RcvBits	1	The number of bits you will be reading on the bus.	
	Data	variable	Data to be transmitted, LSB to MSB.	

Description This command will perform a single transaction on the 1-wire bus in this order:

1. Bus Reset.
2. Transmit data onto the bus.
3. Receive data from the bus.

The number of bits to be transmitted and read must be specified for this command to be successful.

NOTE To determine what functions the device will respond to, consult the devices' data sheet.

1-Wire Flags

Bit	Description
7	
6	Unused
5	(0 for future compatibility)
4	
3	Add a CRC8 to the end of the transmitted data
2	(0 for future compatibility)
1	Assume last received byte is a CRC8 and validate it
0	Reset bus before transaction

1-Wire Error Codes

Code	Description
0x00	Success
0x01	Unknown 1-Wire Command
0x02	No devices on the bus
0x03	Fatal search error

Remembered No

9 Keypad

9.1 Introduction

The LK204-25-USB supports up to a 25 key, matrix style, keypad and may be configured to allow key presses to be automatically transmitted via USB. The LK204-25-USB also allows for auto-repeating key presses, and remapping of all keypad character codes.

The connector is not keyed so the keypad will probably plug in either of two ways. The display will not be damaged by reversing the connector. However, the keypad will generate a different ASCII character mapping for each position. If the connector has fewer than 10 pins it should be centered on the display

connector. The keypad is scanned whenever a key is pressed; there is no continuous key scan. This means that key presses are dealt with immediately without any appreciable latency. This also prevents electrical noise which is often caused by continuous key scans.

9.2 Auto Transmit Key Presses On

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x41
	Decimal	254 65
	ASCII	254 "A"
Description	In this mode, all key presses are sent immediately to the host system without the use of the poll keypad command. This is the default mode on power up.	
Remembered	Yes	
Default	On	

9.3 Auto Transmit Key Presses Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x4F
	Decimal	254 79
	ASCII	254 "O"
Description	In this mode, up to 10 key presses are buffered until the unit is polled by the host system, via the poll keypad command 254 38. Issuing this command places the unit in polled mode.	
Remembered	Yes	

9.4 Poll Key Press

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x26
	Decimal	254 38
	ASCII	254 "&"

Description	This command returns any buffered key presses via the serial interface. The host system must be set up to receive key codes. When the display receives this command, it will immediately return any buffered key presses which may have not been read already. If there is more than one key press buffered, then the high order bit (MSB) of the returned key code will be set (1). If this is the only buffered key press, then the MSB will be cleared (0). If there are no buffered key presses, then the returned code will be 0x00. Please note that to make use of this command, the “Auto Transmit Key Presses” mode should be off.	
Remembered	No	

9.5 Clear Key Buffer

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x45
	Decimal	254 69
	ASCII	254 “E”
Description	This command clears any unread key presses. In a menu application, if the user presses a key which changes the menu context, any following key presses may be inaccurate and can be cleared out of the buffer between menu changes to prevent jumping around the menu tree. It may also be used, in effect, to reset the keypad in case the host application resets for whatever reason.	
Remembered	No	

9.6 Set Debounce Time

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x55 [time]	
	Decimal	254 85 [time]	
	ASCII	254 “U” [time]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	time	1	Debounce time in increments of 6.554ms (0 - 255).
Description	This command sets the time between key press and key read. All key types with the exception of latched piezo switches will 'bounce' for a varying time, depending on their physical characteristics. The [time] value is in increments of 6.554ms. The default debounce time for the module is 8 (about 52ms), which is adequate for most membrane keypads.		
Remembered	Yes		
Default	8		

9.7 Set Auto Repeat Mode

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x7E [mode]	
	Decimal	254 126 [mode]	
	ASCII	254 “~” [mode]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	mode	1	Auto Repeat Mode (0: Resend Key , 1: Key Up/Down)
Description	Two auto repeat modes are available and are set via the same command:		

- **Resend Key Mode:** 0x00
- **Key Up/Down Mode:** 0x01

Resend Key Mode This mode is similar to the action of a keyboard on a PC. In this mode, when a key is held down, the key code is transmitted immediately followed by a 1/2 second delay. After this delay, key codes will be sent via the RS-232 interface at a rate of about 5 codes per second. This mode has no effect if polling or if using the I²C interface.

Key Up/Down Mode This mode may be used when the typematic parameters of the “Resend Key Code” mode are unacceptable or if the unit is being operated in polled mode. The host system detects the press of a key and simulates an auto repeat inside the host system until the key release is detected. In this mode, when a key is held down, the key code is transmitted immediately and no other codes will be sent until the key is released. On the release of the key, the key release code transmitted will be a value equal to the key down code plus 20 hex.

Remembered	Yes
Examples	When the key code associated with key 'P' (0x50) is pressed, the release code is 'p' (0x70). In RS-232 polled mode or via the I ² C, the “Key Down / Key Up” codes are used; however, the user should be careful of timing details. If the poll rate is slower than the simulated auto-repeat it is possible that polling for a key up code will be delayed long enough for an unwanted key repeat to be generated.

9.8 Auto Repeat Mode Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x60
	Decimal	254 96
	ASCII	254 “”

Description	This command turns auto repeat mode off. See Set Auto Repeat Mode.
Remembered	No

9.9 Assign Keypad Codes

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xD5 [KDown] [KUp]																																																																																												
	Decimal	254 213 [KDown] [KUp]																																																																																												
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description																																																																																											
	KDown	25	Key down codes																																																																																											
	KUp	25	Key up codes																																																																																											
Description	This command will allow you to reassign the key codes that correspond to the key presses on the matrix style key pad. The first 25 bytes that are transmitted will be used for the key down codes and the next 25 bytes that are transmitted will be used for the key up codes.																																																																																													
	<table><tr><th colspan="6">Key Down</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th><th>5</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>A</td><td>B</td><td>C</td><td>D</td><td>E</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>F</td><td>G</td><td>H</td><td>I</td><td>J</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>K</td><td>L</td><td>M</td><td>N</td><td>O</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>P</td><td>Q</td><td>R</td><td>S</td><td>T</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>U</td><td>V</td><td>W</td><td>X</td><td>Y</td></tr></table>					Key Down							1	2	3	4	5	1	A	B	C	D	E	2	F	G	H	I	J	3	K	L	M	N	O	4	P	Q	R	S	T	5	U	V	W	X	Y	<table><tr><th colspan="6">Key Up</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th><th>5</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td><td>e</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>f</td><td>g</td><td>h</td><td>i</td><td>j</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>k</td><td>l</td><td>m</td><td>n</td><td>o</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>p</td><td>q</td><td>r</td><td>s</td><td>t</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>u</td><td>v</td><td>w</td><td>x</td><td>y</td></tr></table>					Key Up							1	2	3	4	5	1	a	b	c	d	e	2	f	g	h	i	j	3	k	l	m	n	o	4	p	q	r	s	t	5	u	v	w	x	y
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10 Display Functions

10.1 Introduction

The LK204-25-USB employs software controlled display settings, which allow for control over, clearing the screen, changing the brightness and contrast or setting timers for turning it on or off. The combination of these allow you complete software control over your display's appearance.

10.2 Display On

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x42 [min]			
	Decimal	254 66 [min]			
	ASCII	254 "B" [min]			
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description		
	min	1	Minutes before turning the display on (0 to 90).		

Description	This command turns the backlight on after the [minutes] timer has expired, with a ninety minute maximum timer. A time of 0 specifies that the backlight should turn on immediately and stay on. When this command is sent while the remember function is on, the timer will reset and begin after power up.	
Remembered	Yes	
Default	0	

10.3 Display Off

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x46
	Decimal	254 70
	ASCII	254 "F"
Description	This command turns the backlight off immediately. The backlight will remain off until a 'Display On' command has been received.	
Remembered	Yes	

10.4 Set Brightness

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x99 [brightness]	
	Decimal	254 153 [brightness]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	brightness	1	Display brightness setting (0 to 255).
Description	This command sets the display [brightness]. If the remember function is on, this command acts the same as 'Set and Save Brightness'.		
Remembered	Yes		
Default	255		

10.5 Set and Save Brightness

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x98 [brightness]	
	Decimal	254 152 [brightness]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	brightness	1	Backlight setting (0 to 255).
Description	This command sets and saves the display [brightness] as default.		
Remembered	Always		

10.6 Set Contrast

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x50 [contrast]	
	Decimal	254 80 [contrast]	
	ASCII	254 "P" [contrast]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	contrast	1	Contrast value (0 to 255).
Description	This command sets the display's contrast to [contrast], where [contrast] is a value between 0x00 and 0xFF (between 0 to 255). Lower values cause 'on' elements in the display area to appear lighter, while higher values cause 'on' elements to appear darker. Lighting and temperature conditions will affect the actual value used for optimal viewing. Individual display modules will also differ slightly from each other in appearance. In addition, values for optimal viewing while the display backlight is on may differ from values used when backlight is off. This command does not save the [contrast] value, and is lost after power down; but this command has the option of remembering the settings when issued with the Remember function 'on' . When this is the case, this command is the same as the Set and Save Contrast command.		
Remembered	Yes		
Default	128		

10.7 Set and Save Contrast

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x91 [contrast]	
	Decimal	254 145 [contrast]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	contrast	1	Contrast value (0 to 255).
Description	This command sets the display's contrast to [contrast], where [contrast] is a value between 0x00 and 0xFF (between 0 to 255). Lower values cause 'on' elements in the display area to appear lighter, while higher values cause 'on' elements to appear darker. Lighting conditions will affect the actual value used for optimal viewing. Individual display modules will also differ slightly from each other in appearance. In addition, values for optimal viewing while the display backlight is on may differ from values used when backlight is off.		
NOTE This command saves the [contrast] value so that it is not lost after power down.			
Remembered	Yes		
Default	128		

11 Data Security

11.1 Introduction

Ensuring that your LK204-25-USB display's exactly what you want it to can be the difference between a projects success and failure. This is why we incorporate features such as Data Lock into the LK204-25-USB. With this new feature you now are in control over of how and when settings will be changed so there is no need to worry about the module acting exactly like you expected it to because all the settings may be locked and remembered for the next power up.

11.2 Set Remember

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x93 [switch]	
	Decimal	254 147 [switch]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	switch	1	0: Do not remember, 1: Remember
Description	This command allows you to switch the remember function on and off. To use the remember function, set remember to on, then set all of the settings that you wish to save, settings that are listed as 'Remember: Yes' support being saved into the non-volatile memory. After you have set all of the commands that you wish to save, you may then cycle the power and check the display settings to ensure that all the settings have been saved. If you wish to use remember again after cycling the power, you must set it to on again.		

NOTES

- Writing to non-volatile memory is time consuming and slows down the operation of the display.
- Non-volatile memory has a 'write limit' and may only be changed approximately 100,000 times.

Remembered	No
Default	Do not remember

11.3 Data Lock

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xCA 0xF5 0xA0 [level]	
	Decimal	254 202 245 160 [level]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	level	1	Sets the data lock level
Description			

Paranoia allows you to lock the module from displaying information, as well as enables the protection of the filesystem and module settings.

Each bit corresponds corresponds to a different lock level, while sending a zero will unlock your display as the following tables explains:

Bit	Data Lock Level	Description
0-2	Reserved	Should be left 0
3	Communication Speed Lock	When this bit is set (1) the Baud Rate and I2C Slave address are locked
4	Setting Lock	When this bit is set (1) the display settings such as backlight, contrast and GPO settings are locked. (Internal EEPROM)
6	Command Lock	When this bit is set (1) all commands but commands 202/203 are locked. (cmd lock)
7	Display Lock	When this bit is set (1) the module is locked from displaying any new information. (text lock)

NOTES

- Sending a new data lock level will override the previous data lock level.
 - Data lock levels may be combined.
-

Remembered	Always
Default	0
Examples	

Hex	Dec	Binary	Description
0x00	0	0	Unlock
0x50	80	01010000	Setting and Command Lock

11.4 Set and Save Data Lock

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xCB 0xF5 0xA0 [level]	
	Decimal	254 203 245 160 [level]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	level	1	Sets the data lock level
Description	This command will set and save the data lock level. See the Data Lock section for more information.		
Remembered	Always		
Default	0		

11.5 Writes the Customer Data

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x34 [data]	
	Decimal	254 52 [data]	
	ASCII	254 "4" [data]	
Parameters	Parameter	Length	Description
	data	16	Writes the customer data
Description	Writes the customer Data. 16 Bytes of data can be saved in non-volatile memory.		
Remembered	No		

11.6 Reads the Customer Data

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x35
	Decimal	254 53
	ASCII	254 "5"
Description	Reads whatever was written by Write Customer Data.	
Remembered	No	

12 Miscellaneous

12.1 Introduction

This chapter covers the 'Report Version Number' and 'Read Module Type' commands. These commands can be particularly useful to find out more information about the display module before contacting technical support.

12.2 Read Version Number

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x36
	Decimal	254 54
	ASCII	254 “6”
Description	This command will return a byte representing the version of the module, see the following table as an example:	

Hex Value	Version Number
0x10	Version 1.0
0x20	Version 2.0
0x42	Version 4.2

Remembered No

12.3 Read Module Type

Syntax	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x37
	Decimal	254 55
	ASCII	254 “7”

Description

This command will return a hex value corresponding to the the model number of the module see the following table:

Hex	Product ID	Hex	Product ID
1	LCD0821	38	LK204-24-USB
2	LCD2021	39	VK204-24-USB
5	LCD2041	3A	PK162-12
6	LCD4021	3B	VK162-12
7	LCD4041	3C	MOS-AP-162A
8	LK202-25	3D	PK202-25
9	LK204-25	3E	MOS-AL-162A
A	LK404-55	40	MOS-AV-202A
B	VFD2021	41	MOS-AP-202A
C	VFD2041	42	PK202-24-USB
D	VFD4021	43	MOS-AL-082
E	VK202-25	44	MOS-AL-204
F	VK204-25	45	MOS-AV-204
10	GLC12232	46	MOS-AL-402
13	GLC24064	47	MOS-AV-402
15	GLK24064-25	48	LK082-12
22	GLK12232-25-WBL	49	VK402-12
24	GLK12232-25-SM	4A	VK404-55
26	GLK24064-16-1U	4B	LK402-25
27	GLK19264-7-1U	4C	VK402-25
28	GLK12232-16-WBL	4D	PK204-25
29	GLK12232-16-SM	55	LK202-25-USB
31	LK404-AT	56	VK202-25-USB
32	MOS-AV-162A	57	LK204-25-USB
33	LK402-12	58	VK204-25-USB
34	LK162-12	72	GLK240128-25
35	LK204-25PC	73	LK404-25
36	LK202-24-USB	74	VK404-25
37	VK202-24-USB		

Remembered

No

13 Command Summary

13.1 Communications

Description	Syntax	Page
Changing the Baud Rate	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x39 [speed] Decimal 254 57 [speed] ASCII 254 "9" [speed]	15

Description	Syntax	Page
Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xA4 [speed] Decimal 254 164 [speed]	16

13.2 Text

Description	Syntax	Page
Auto Scroll On	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x51 Decimal 254 81 ASCII 254 "Q"	18
Auto Scroll Off	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x52 Decimal 254 82 ASCII 254 "R"	19
Clear Screen	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x58 Decimal 254 88 ASCII 254 "X"	19
Changing the Startup Screen	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x40 Decimal 254 64 ASCII 254 "@"	19
Set Auto Line Wrap On	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x43 Decimal 254 67 ASCII 254 "C"	20
Set Auto Line Wrap Off	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x44 Decimal 254 68 ASCII 254 "D"	20
Set Cursor Position	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x47 [col] [row] Decimal 254 71 [col] [row] ASCII 254 "G" [col] [row]	20
Go Home	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x48 Decimal 254 72 ASCII 254 "H"	21
Move Cursor Back	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4C Decimal 254 76 ASCII 254 "L"	21
Move Cursor Forward	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4D Decimal 254 77 ASCII 254 "M"	21
Underline Cursor On	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4A Decimal 254 74 ASCII 254 "J"	22
Underline Cursor Off	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4B Decimal 254 75 ASCII 254 "K"	22
Blinking Block Cursor On	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x53 Decimal 254 83 ASCII 254 "S"	22

Description	Syntax		Page
Blinking Block Cursor	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x54	22
Off	Decimal	254 84	
	ASCII	254 "T"	

13.3 Special Characters

Description	Syntax		Page
Creating a Custom Character	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x4E [refID] [data]	23
	Decimal	254 78 [refID] [data]	
	ASCII	254 "N" [refID] [data]	
Saving Custom Characters	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xC1 [Bank] [ID] [Data]	24
	Decimal	254 193 [Bank] [ID] [Data]	
Loading Custom Characters	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xC0 [Bank]	25
	Decimal	254 192 [Bank]	
Save Startup Screen	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xC2 [refID] [data]	25
Custom Characters	Decimal	254 194 [refID] [data]	
Initialize Medium Number	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x6D	26
	Decimal	254 109	
	ASCII	254 "m"	
Place Medium Numbers	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x6F [Row] [Col] [Digit]	26
	Decimal	254 111 [Row] [Col] [Digit]	
	ASCII	254 "o" [Row] [Col] [Digit]	
Initialize Large Numbers	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x6E	26
	Decimal	254 110	
	ASCII	254 "n"	
Place Large Number	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x23 [Col] [Digit]	27
	Decimal	254 35 [Col] [Digit]	
	ASCII	254 "#" [Col] [Digit]	
Initialize Horizontal Bar	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x68	27
	Decimal	254 104	
	ASCII	254 "h"	
Place Horizontal Bar	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x7C [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length]	27
Graph	Decimal	254 124 [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length]	
	ASCII	254 " " [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length]	
Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x73	28
	Decimal	254 115	
	ASCII	254 "s"	
Initialize Wide Vertical Bar	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x76	28
	Decimal	254 118	
	ASCII	254 "v"	
Place Vertical Bar	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x3D [Column] [Length]	29
	Decimal	254 61 [Column] [Length]	
	ASCII	254 "=" [Column] [Length]	

13.4 General Purpose Output

Description	Syntax	Page
General Purpose Output Off	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x56 [Num] Decimal 254 86 [Num] ASCII 254 “V” [Num]	29
General Purpose Output On	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x57 [Num] Decimal 254 87 [Num] ASCII 254 “W” [Num]	30
Set Startup GPO state	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC3 [Num] [state] Decimal 254 195 [Num] [state]	30

13.5 Dallas 1-Wire

Description	Syntax	Page
Search for a 1-Wire Device	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC8 0x2 Decimal 254 200 2	31
Dallas 1-Wire Transaction	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC8 0x1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data] Decimal 254 200 1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data]	32

13.6 Keypad

Description	Syntax	Page
Auto Transmit Key Presses On	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x41 Decimal 254 65 ASCII 254 “A”	34
Auto Transmit Key Presses Off	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4F Decimal 254 79 ASCII 254 “O”	34
Poll Key Press	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x26 Decimal 254 38 ASCII 254 “&”	34
Clear Key Buffer	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x45 Decimal 254 69 ASCII 254 “E”	35
Set Debounce Time	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x55 [time] Decimal 254 85 [time] ASCII 254 “U” [time]	35
Set Auto Repeat Mode	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x7E [mode] Decimal 254 126 [mode] ASCII 254 “~” [mode]	36

Description	Syntax		Page
Auto Repeat Mode Off	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x60	36
	Decimal	254 96	
	ASCII	254 “”	
Assign Keypad Codes	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xD5 [KDown] [KUp]	37
	Decimal	254 213 [KDown] [KUp]	

13.7 Display Functions

Description	Syntax		Page
Display On	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x42 [min]	37
	Decimal	254 66 [min]	
	ASCII	254 “B” [min]	
Display Off	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x46	38
	Decimal	254 70	
	ASCII	254 “F”	
Set Brightness	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x99 [brightness]	38
	Decimal	254 153 [brightness]	
Set and Save Brightness	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x98 [brightness]	38
	Decimal	254 152 [brightness]	
Set Contrast	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x50 [contrast]	39
	Decimal	254 80 [contrast]	
	ASCII	254 “P” [contrast]	
Set and Save Contrast	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x91 [contrast]	39
	Decimal	254 145 [contrast]	

13.8 Data Security

Description	Syntax		Page
Set Remember	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x93 [switch]	40
	Decimal	254 147 [switch]	
Data Lock	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xCA 0xF5 0xA0 [level]	41
	Decimal	254 202 245 160 [level]	
Set and Save Data Lock	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0xCB 0xF5 0xA0 [level]	42
	Decimal	254 203 245 160 [level]	
Writes the Customer Data	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x34 [data]	42
	Decimal	254 52 [data]	
	ASCII	254 “4” [data]	
Reads the Customer Data	Hexadecimal	0xFE 0x35	42
	Decimal	254 53	
	ASCII	254 “5”	

13.9 Miscellaneous

Description	Syntax	Page
Read Version Number	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x36	43
	Decimal 254 54	
	ASCII 254 “6”	
Read Module Type	Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x37	43
	Decimal 254 55	
	ASCII 254 “7”	

13.10 Command By Number

Command	Description	Page
Hex	Dec ASCII	
0x23	35 “#”	Place Large Number 27
0x26	38 “&”	Poll Key Press 34
0x34	52 “4”	Writes the Customer Data 42
0x35	53 “5”	Reads the Customer Data 42
0x36	54 “6”	Read Version Number 43
0x37	55 “7”	Read Module Type 43
0x39	57 “9”	Changing the Baud Rate 15
0x3D	61 “=”	Place Vertical Bar 29
0x40	64 “@”	Changing the Startup Screen 19
0x41	65 “A”	Auto Transmit Key Presses On 34
0x42	66 “B”	Display On 37
0x43	67 “C”	Set Auto Line Wrap On 20
0x44	68 “D”	Set Auto Line Wrap Off 20
0x45	69 “E”	Clear Key Buffer 35
0x46	70 “F”	Display Off 38
0x47	71 “G”	Set Cursor Position 20
0x48	72 “H”	Go Home 21
0x4A	74 “J”	Underline Cursor On 22
0x4B	75 “K”	Underline Cursor Off 22
0x4C	76 “L”	Move Cursor Back 21
0x4D	77 “M”	Move Cursor Forward 21
0x4E	78 “N”	Creating a Custom Character 23
0x4F	79 “O”	Auto Transmit Key Presses Off 34
0x50	80 “P”	Set Contrast 39
0x51	81 “Q”	Auto Scroll On 18
0x52	82 “R”	Auto Scroll Off 19
0x53	83 “S”	Blinking Block Cursor On 22
0x54	84 “T”	Blinking Block Cursor Off 22
0x55	85 “U”	Set Debounce Time 35

Command Hex	Description Dec	Page ASCII		
0x56	86	“V”	General Purpose Output Off	29
0x57	87	“W”	General Purpose Output On	30
0x58	88	“X”	Clear Screen	19
0x60	96	“”	Auto Repeat Mode Off	36
0x68	104	“h”	Initialize Horizontal Bar	27
0x6D	109	“m”	Initialize Medium Number	26
0x6E	110	“n”	Initialize Large Numbers	26
0x6F	111	“o”	Place Medium Numbers	26
0x73	115	“s”	Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar	28
0x76	118	“v”	Initialize Wide Vertical Bar	28
0x7C	124	“ ”	Place Horizontal Bar Graph	27
0x7E	126	“~”	Set Auto Repeat Mode	36
0x91	145		Set and Save Contrast	39
0x93	147		Set Remember	40
0x98	152		Set and Save Brightness	38
0x99	153		Set Brightness	38
0xA4	164		Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate	16
0xC0	192		Loading Custom Characters	25
0xC1	193		Saving Custom Characters	24
0xC2	194		Save Startup Screen Custom Characters	25
0xC3	195		Set Startup GPO state	30
0xC8	200		Dallas 1-Wire Transaction	32
0xCA	202		Data Lock	41

14 Appendix

14.1 Specifications

14.1.1 Environmental

Table 68: Environmental Specifications

	Standard Temperature	Extended Temperature
Operating Temperature	0°C to +50°C	-20°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature	-20°C to +70°C	-30°C to +80°C
Operating Relative Humidity	90% max non-condensing	
Vibration (Operating)	4.9 m/s ² XYZ directions	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	19.6 m/s ² XYZ directions	
Shock (Operating)	29.4 m/s ² XYZ directions	
Shock (Non-Operating)	490 m/s ² XYZ directions	

14.1.2 Electrical

Table 69: Electrical Specifications

Supply Voltage	+5Vdc $\pm 0.25V$
Backlight On	185mA typical
Backlight Off Supply	50mA

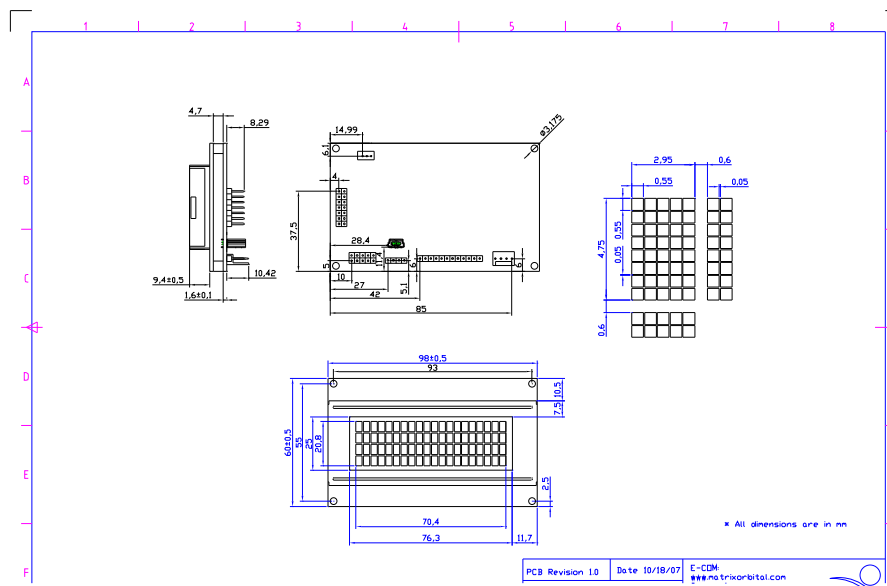
14.2 Optical Characteristics

Table 70: Optical Characteristics

Character x Lines	20 columns x 4 rows
Module Size	116.00 mm x 37.00 mm x 27.7 mm
Character Size	3.20 mm x 5.55 mm
Display Size	83.00 mm x 18.60 mm
LED Backlight Life	100,000 hours typical (20,000 hours for white backlight)

14.3 Physical Layout

Figure 17: Physical Diagram



14.4 Definitions

E Extended Temperature (-20C to 70C)

MSB Most Significant Byte

LSB Least Significant Byte

14.5 Contacting Matrix Orbital

Telephone

Sales and Support: 1(403)229-2737

On The Web

Sales: <http://www.MatrixOrbital.com>

Support: <http://www.MatrixOrbital.ca>

Forums: <http://www.lcdforums.com>